NOVELTY: Or, a Government of VOOMEN

MEN,

Erected amongst some of the People, call'd

QUAKERS.

In an Epistle, occasionally written to a Man-Judge, upon a Young Man's refusing (for good Conscience sake) to submit to their Authority in Marriage, seeing that Relations and Friends were already satisfied.

To which is added,

A Lamentation for the Fall of so many of that People.

Published for no other end, but to deter all honest Hearts of the said People, from erecting the like Unscriptural Government. Tho' this may not so far prevail with such Women as has a secret Command of their Husbands Purses; together with those Preachers that reap Profit by such a Female Government, as to consent to the Disanuling the same.

Written by William Mather, a dear Lover of the faid People, who has for feveral Years been much troubled, that some of them should fall from their Primitive Institution, as to set up Women's and Men's Meetings, as Guides in Government, seeing God has placed the civil Magistrates over us, Rom. 13.

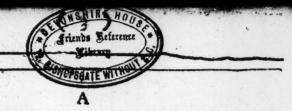
MIRROR of POLICY.

No honest Married Wise is to deal in the Assairs of the Common-wealth, much less to meddle with the making of Marriages, unless for her own Children and Servants, wherein she must also refer her self to the discretion of her Husband, lest she incur the name of a Harebrain.

Cease je from Man, whose Breath is in his Nostrils, for wherein is he to be accounted of. 11a.2 22.

LONDON: Printed for Datah Bowkins, in George-yard, Lumbard-street.

3.3 The state of the s WITTON BUSINESS AVE on to sell the first of Article to the first of the first to a o o R. Croved for Lores him by a second refer of the control of a second resident for the control of the c



NOVELTY, &c.

Reader,

To use as few Words as I can, behold a Copy of the Certificate, or Letter from one of the Judges, from a Monthly Meeting in Huntington-shire, where the Young Man dwelt, to a Monthly Meeting in Bedford-shire, where the Maid dwelt.

Ramsey, 3d. of the 5th. M. 94.

Friends in Bedford-shire,

ERE came Stephen Scarborrow, † to acquaint Friends of his † Who kee Intention of Marriage with Marry Samm, Daughter of Natha-a little Große niel Samm, of Litlington, in Bedford-shire; as also he did to our One at Bran One acquaint our Women Friends therewith, who attend Meetings to serve Truth in their Day Age, and Generation, and to enquire, and see that things be clear on all parts on so weighty a Concern as Marriage; but he refusing to follow Friend's Advice herein, I know not what the Women-Friends may have to say in this Matter: Now I being one that that Spirit that doth oppose the good Order in publishing Marriage in Men and Women's Meetings, is not of God, and am forry for the Young Man, and desire he may live to see his Weakness, and amend; so with Love to all Friends of Truth, rest a Friend to the same Truth.

Tobias Hardmeat

After the Young Man had carried the Letter above, with a Certificate, to a Monthly Meeting in Bedford-shire, with other Hands to it, which Tobias would not fign with his Brethren, (he not being at Unity with them in that;) my House being in the Young Man's way home, call'd at my House, and there happen'd to take it out of his Pocket, said to me, Friends gave it me again, and he laid it down; he being gone, I perused it pritty

well, and foon perceived it came from an Imposing Spirit, such a one as has bred all the Division and Troubles amongst Friends: Therefore in hopes to a little moderate this fevere Judge, I write the following Letter unto him, (except the Margent;)-wize

Friend Tobias Hardmeat, Communicate this to thy Brethren of the

Monthly Meeting in Huntington:

WHEN thou was at my House, the 17th day of the last Month, * thou said'st to me; There was no imposing upon any Person ife being at that came into your Meetings of Government, or words to that purpose; if you are not Impolers, I must confess I am mistaken.

House. Thy Certificate t of the 3d. Instant makes it more manifest concerning or Letter to. Thy Certificate 1 of the 3d Initiant makes it more manifelt concerning on the street of the street o in Bedford the Judgment of your Women's Meetings; and because (for good Conscis e; who ence fake) he could not do it, thou judgeth him weak, and need of Amendre also wed their ment; judging also all other People that do oppose, or that submit not to wer, bid- a Female Authority in Marriage, Not to be of God, then of the Devil: An gthe young uncharitable Sentence.

at Monthly Meeting, when they knew, or might have known that day, the Couple was innocent; but

me he must, the he dwells about fixteen Miles off, and must hire a Horse.

Can there be greater Imposers in the World, than those that judge all People, Not to be of God, for not submitting to a Female Government in Marriage? A thing never heard of, but of late Years, except the Government of the Amazons, who were not so Censorious upon the account of Marriage.

Or Letter.

The Words in the Certificate. †

I do testifie, That that Spirit that doth oppose the good Order in-publishing Marriages in Men and Womens Meeting, is not of God.

Again, And am forry for the young Man, and defire he may live to fee his

Weakness, and amend.

Again, faift thou, I know not what the Women-Friends may have to fay to this Matter; (that is) his Non submission to a Meeting of Women, di-Stinct from Men.

I do greatly defire to hear how they do to bear it, that a Young Man

should refuse to submit to their Authority.

Yet should be very glad to hear also, that a Meeting of VVomen had received power from God, fo as to prevail with a Maid, or Married Woman (that comes to them for Counfel) to forfake Pride, and Excess

oh! The woman (mar comes to them for Countel)

n-Judges, especially at London, that has not yet prevailed with Maids, to hide those hollow places they ve, as room for Topknots on their Foreheads.

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And whether fuch Women-Judges ever did any Good, who come into the Seat of Counsel, rulling in gaudy flower'd Stuffs, or Silks, from Top to Toe, mincing with their Feet, &c. except their Gifts to the Poor.

But to be brief, because I am not for raising Chollar in any, yet I he that's built on the Rock hope I need not fear it in thee, and am fure thou wilt not be angry with Christ, nothing me, if thou art built upon that Rock, that neither Storms, nor any other will move to thing can move to Passion.

Therefore, to ease me of the Burthen which now is upon my Spirit, * * And has I shall give thee my Opinion, and then cease at this time; for it is not Years. becoming a true Christian to delight in Contending, or be troublesom to a Congregation; yet those that shall force me to confess that I err in what I write, (before I fee it my felt) are the Impofers.

My Opinion is this, by way of Advice †; When a Couple shall come † From a weak to your private Monthly Meeting in Huntington, to acquaint you of their one; yea, one Intentions of Marriage, fay to them, as to the antient Christian Quakers. Spifed in Ijrael,

Friends, Who made us Judges over you? Go, if you find freedom of being not a Spirit, and publish your Intentions at the end of the Publick Religious Conformist. Meeting for Worship, to which you belong, or nearest to your Dwel- * The ancient ling; for they best know whither or no you are clear from all other En. Practice of gagements in this kind, where you may have a sufficient number of Friends,

Witnesses at your Certificate.

And that we now let you know, this was the Innocent Practice of our Mention'd in dear deceafed Friends in the beginning, when God fent among us, to the Church of turn our Minds to Christ's Inward and Spiritual Grace, tin each Soul, to England's Cabe our Guides, not Man.

Likewise, on the other Hand, say unto this Couple, in the fear of God. Friends, If you have freedom, and find it's not contrary to the Teachings of Christ's the Supper

Inward and Spiritual Grace † in your own Souls.

Publish your Intentions of Marriage twice in our Women's Meetings; being but signs and when all the VVomen-Judges think you a fit Match, then you must men + This Decree tion it also twice to us of the Men's Meeting, which we think necessary." was made at

And that when we, who are most commonly Strangers to your Pro- the Yearly ceedings, (tho' we are well informed by a Friend, all things are clear on Meeting, 1657: both fides) yet you are to come and wait on us Monthly or Quarterly, Quarterly Mecuntil fuch time, as all the VVomen and Men of both Meetings fay you may ting in the Isle loyn in Marriage, for fear you should bring a Scandal upon the Truth, of Ely. tho' your Dwelling be Twenty Miles off, or more, from hence, †

These two manner of ways of Marriage, we lay before you, chuse their Business, which of the two, that answers best to the witness of God in your own & Horse-hire.

Souls; for we are not to be Judges of that.

So we freely leave you to your Choice, . fo as you come together of this has in the fear of God, and we shall think never the worse of you. † brought much Consusson. + How have you hated those that conform'd not.

techism, to be the Substance, Baptism, and of the Lord,

and also in a Not caring

* The want

For we feek God's Glory, not our own; which is according to our first Institution, when first we became a People.

For our Labour is to perswade People to Submit to Christ's Spiritual

Government in their own Souls.

So that as we are not to answer for your Miscarriges, neither are

you for ours.

If thou believest I write this to thee, in Enmity to any Person or Perfons whatfoever, thy differning is but weak, fo not fit to fit as a Judge

in Ilrael.

But hope better things of thee, to whom my true Love is, and to all that do faithfully return to the Truth, as it was amongst Friends, when first the Mockers called us Quakers.

Bedford. 11d. sm. 94. I am thy Friend,

William Mather.

To which Letter no Answer hath yet been given.

A Lamentation for the Fall of so many, once Worthies, in Spiritual Ifrael.

The Author's Sorrow.

H! what shall I say, or write unto you, that once run to and fro on Foot from place to place, spending your Time and Strength to turn Peoples Minds into the Centre of their Souls, to Christ's Inward and Souritual Grace, to be their Teacher and I eader into all Truth.

But now, that you should contradict your former Advice, by ferting up VVomen and Men Guides over an Innocent People, is greatly to be

lamented.

How are you fallen, what Lamentation hall I take up for you?

Oh! that mine Eyes were as a Fountain of Water, that I might weep Day and Night for the Fall of so many, once Worthies in Spiritual Irael; who were once in that Spirit and Love of Jefus, that they could lay down their Lives to win Souls to God; loved their very Enemies, yea, could Math. 18. 22. forgive the Trespasses of a Brother, Jeventy times seven.

But alas, this true Love, or Lamb's Patience is not now to be found on O Truth, art Earth, except amongst a few upright Hearts, that has chosen Christ's In-Heaven again? ward and Spiritual Grace for their Guide, such can wash the Feet of their

*thou fled to Is Man's Souls Enemies. too ftraight to

Deceive not your felves, for you cannot fave your felves; by faying contain thee? you are in the Light, when you envy any Man; for whoever doth, is in Darkness, even until now, 1 7ob. 1.9. Now

Now let me a little reason with you; Was there not true Love and Charity in general amongst the Professors of the Truth (when all thought themselves Poor and Low in their own Eyes*) before Ambitious Wo- *Have you not men, and Ambitious Men, crept in among you, fuch I mean that thirfted forgotten that for Honour and Rule over an Innocent People, Absolon like, saying in Heart. O that I was a Judge in Ifrael, when alas, most of such Judges, The Heart of have and do busie themselves in judging others for the Moats in their Eyes, Man is deceit-ful; none can when the Beam is still in their own Eves.

These Lordly Spirits in Women's - Meetings, and Men's Meetings, would by the Grace have an Innocent People Submit to their Rules, Orders and Ceremonies, of God.

whither the Parties fee it their Duty to obey, or not.

Holding those Meetings Monthly and Quarterly in private Rooms (where Faith is Sin. fometimes there are not above four Persons that take upon themselves to Rulet) and there dispose of such Monies as they collect at the end of + And alas Religious Meetings (where the most Givers are) where they ought also to most of them give a publick Account how they disposed of the Money unto the general Ignorant ones, Givers; but this I never see them do, except the Collection was for a whogavethem Fire. o.c.

It's true. Monies for the Poor were at first (that is) when first God Power, yet raised us to be a People, (who discovered more of his Love to us than too will be as anmany before us in this latter Age.) I say, then Moneys were collected, gry as a warmany before us in this latter Age.) or freely given always at the end of a Monthly Religious Meeting, where obey not their

also Marriages was proposed, and there finished in time.

Then why do you (in many places) still hold up the one, and leave you come bethe other to the Judgment of Women's Meetings, &c.

Whence sprung all the Divisions, Controversies, and separate Meet-

ings for Worship among you.

If not from the severity, acted in the said Meetings for Government, The Root whereby have you not attained to such an outward Power and Authority from whence over Innocent People, as to cast a good Man, (that confirms not) out Contest rises of the favour of your People, and to flight his Testimony for God, and among youcan retain a bad Man (a Conformist to your Womens Meetings) in favour with your People, yea, and to preach too, tho' a Cast-away.

To bring Presidents, for this would spend too much Time and Paper. I thank God he has hitherto kept me from bowing to any fort of Image

of Man's making.)

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But did St. Paul's Enemies fay, that much Learning had made him mad? Did not the Pope fay so by John Parrot (when you owned him in the Prison of mad Men at Rame) and did not one of your Preachers say + Would you to me, that much Learning has made Geo. Kieth mad.

not have him lo, by calling before you more than twelve times, to answer at your Court in London. See his Tryals in Pensituania, Sold by R. Baldwin. The most hidden way to defame a Noncomformist, as has been yet heard of.

know it, but What is not of

their usurped gry as a We-

Wills, when

Will.

Will you take up those envious Peoples Arguments, to render whom you please odious in the Minds of the Innocent.

But his Works and Service for the Truth, as it is in Jesus, will out live

your Malice against him.

Oh! That he, and every one, that truly fears God, may so keep to In what may the measure of Grace, given them of God, that no Tryals, of what na-Man he pre- ture foever, may ever separate them from the Love of God; (if so) then ferved from I am fure they will envy none, tho' a great Enemy; I fay, God has kept me he shall not be in the Spirit of Love to all (praised be his Name for it) tho' I have been convince d about forty Years, that the Quaker's Fundamental Principle of He that dwells Christ's Light and Grace, being the chief Leader and Guide into all Truth, in Love to all, is a Truth, which will abide for ever-

And no Man, either by Conversation or Preaching, made me joyn with them; it was God alone that shewed me that they were in the right † Being young, way then, for loften prayed to God to discover to me which was the right and then dwelt way to Heaven, and he directed me to them, when I knew nothing of in Holdenly, in them, but the name Quaker, whom I fought out, and found them, and fire, knowing suffered many Buffittings and Stonings, and Imprisonments with them. which was Joy unspeakable unto me, that I had found a People, whose Trust was alone in God. Oh! how my Soul was knit unto them; I could have died at a Stake with them then, if it had been the Will of God. Oh! my Heart is broken, as into Tears, that this People should fo foon let go their true Guide, Christ's Inward and Spiritual Grace, and fet themselves up as Guides.

I must confess, I have been at two of these Meetings of Government. but poor Men, but it was accidentally; the one was in Huntington shine, the other in Bedfordas Weavers, toc. thire; in both which, I faw so much of the Imperiousness of those that made themselves Judges, that I could never after find Freedom in Spirit to go to any more, and did largely write a Testimony against it, but nejoyn with to go to any more, and did largely write a Teltimony against it, but netheir outward ver had an Answer, and rested in the Will of God; but now I am constrained to write, in hopes the Innocent may see to the beginning, and See the Ep. the danger of any People, that swerves from their first Institution. †

Again, From whence arise all the publick Clashings of one Minister against another, if not from those Lordly Spirits, that will rule in such convinced, and Meetings, too publickly known, both to Profess or Prophane? that a Truth's Pro- Priest once writ to me, That the Light was not now the Quaker's Guide, Priest once writ to me, That the Light was not now the Quaker's Guide, it's their Meeting at Devonshire House, the Rife too of those Arbitrary

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Meetings in the Country.

Oh! Ye degenerate from your first Institution; you I say, that are resolved to govern Arbitrarily, and not leave the honest Souls among you, to be ruled by Christ's Inward and Spiritual Grace, to which you have so often advised them to follow, as a most sure Guide, and will not fuffer them, by the Leadings of that, to choose who shall be their Arbitrators, for them in Marriage, if you can hinder them.

of none, call'd a Quaker. *By enquiring of Labourers, that I fet to work, who told me there was none followed them The Author could never

Northampton-

Government. of 7. Crook, and Tho. Green, to the Young, erefs. By J. Crook.

Arbitrary Go vernment.

If you relolve to carry it by a Ruling Hand over the Innocent, (con-

trary to your Principles.)

Take no more upon you the Name of Children of the Light, * as G. F. * For that and E. H. calls you in their Primmer, feeing you are fallen, into the leads to Peace fame Snare (in Church-Government) as others before you, whom you on Earth, and Good-Will to did condemn for fuch things.

Oh! How dare you give positive Judgment against any person (in things, not finful against God) seeing that one of the greatest Writers, to promote your Authority, (otherwise was a very worthy Man,) had without fin, lee not yet attained to Infallibility or Perfection, faying, "Others may per-him cath the " haps speak more certainly of this State (Persection) as have arrived first Stone. to it; for me, I shall speak modestly, as acknowledging my felf not " to have arrived to it. See R. B.'s Works: p. 389.

Oh! Will you continue to be so Censorious to Judge all People, no: attainable in to be of God, that take not Counsel of Women's Meetings, before Mar-Obedience to

riage.

My Soul has often mourned for you, and often defired of Gcd, That he would be pleased to discover to me, Whether or no, I am to blame in thus writing to you, and have found nothing but peace therein, and good Will to all Men, and can (through God's Mercy) give my Bread The Author is freely to mine Enemy, and ferve all mine Enemies, (if I have any) in confrained to what I can, GOD knows I Lye not; for I truly Love all the Works write, having of his Hand, and am very fensible, that those that do envy any Man, borne long. (let his Transgressions be never so great) is not of God, profess what they will in Religion.

Had not our dear Saviour Love and Mercy for one that had Seven De- unto all the vils? And shall not those that profess to be his Disciples have the same Works of his Love to all? Because no Man dwells in God, no longer than he dwells Hand. in Love to all; overcoming Evil by the good Grace of Christ Jesus.

But to come somewhat nearer: Has not God enlightned your Candle? Then why do you fet Self-Exaltation before it? For the Love you have

to Rule, by your means over Innocent Hearts.

But I still hope that the young Convinced will see (by that Light of God's Grace, he has given them) to the Beginning, That we were at first

a harmless and innocent People, and was not for Self-Exaltation.

Oh! ye arbitrary Judges, what think you? Was not the eminent Man, W. P. ashamed to mention this frivolous Government of Women, in Page 21. of his Rey? Wherein he omits not your other Meetings for see w. P. s Government (to please you that Love Dominion) was he not? I say, key, p. 31. wife in that, fearing (I suppose) the World would Laugh at it, as indeed well they might, having never heard before, that a Meeting of Women must be advised with, before Marriage, yea, before a Meeting of Men and Women together, and the Refuiers to be Judged of the Devil.

all Men.

He that is

Perfection is this Life, thro God's Grace.

God's Love is

Do not you yet fee your . Apostane.

And the greatest wonder of all is, That such a Government should be practifed amongst a People that profess, that every Individual Man and Woman should have no other Guide, besides Christ's Inward and Spiritual Grace

But if you now fay to me, as G. F. faid to me and T. H. in a Discourse with him, till near Mid-night, about the faid Arbitrary Government, You do not deserve to have Wives, (faith he) * you speak so much against *The best Ar- Women. To say the Truth, this was the best Argument he could give us. for his unscriptural Female Government.

gument that ever they could give for Womens Mcctings.

Though its weil known, we love our Wives as true Christians ought to do.

Nor are we against a Woman's Declaring in a Religious Meeting, what God has done for her Soul, by filently waiting at the Feet of Jelus, as Mary did, (that is) in his Inward and Spiritual Grace.

Nor are we against Women meeting by themselves, upon a particular

occasion, but not monthly for Government.

Nor are we against Men's Meetings upon urgent Occasion, between themselves, so as they judge no other Person or Persons, who has not chosen them ludges or Arbitrators.

The Civil Magiftrates are not to be redeavour to

Peace. .

fulnefe.

Seeing God has placed the Civil Magistrates over us, to whom we are to submit in all things, that's not contrary to the Conscience, which is iected who in Rectified by God's Grace, Rom. 13.

Oh! Call to mind the Severity of that Spirit, that has, and fill doth

preserve us in act in too many of you.

How many Souls have you, as it were, flain by Judging, and thereby You create driven into the troubled Sea of Man's Wrath, and being so driven by you Oppofers, by thither (you laying aside Christ's Love) can do no other than oppose your unfaithyou, then you do truly call them Apostates, when you were the Cause for want of Love.

None can nolonger fland faithful, than their Eye is to

Though the Truth is, they were to blame also themselves, because they let go the Strength they had in God's Grace, and fo suffered Man's Wrath and Envy to separate them, from the Love of God in Christ Jesus, God's Grace. through your Cenfors.

Your Actings have barr'd many Souls from owning . the Truth, and Quakers, (in things not finful) as the prefent Civil Magistrates gives us has, given flrength to the will not Judge you for these things? Let Self-Interest no longer blind Atheifts.

Likewife, how many Souls, by your Imperious Government, have you barr'd from Inquiring after the Truth, is too well known to fome. Oh! unnatural, not to give that Liberty to fome, called with you

all. This is not doing as you would be delt by. Think you, that God

your Eyes. Ch! the Cruelty of this imposing Spirit (when God does not chain it down) how many Thousands of Souls and Bodies has it destroyed, which no Man can number; being yet lodged in the hearts of Ambitious in Love to a!'.

The present Civil Magifiraces have out done you

Women,

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Women, and Ambitious Men: the same Spirit it is, that now judges all The Crueirs of of the Devil, that conforms not to their Wills, Orders, Ceremonies, &c an imposing Will you not yet fay, that fuch Priests are more to be commended. Spirit.

than you, who do not impose upon a Couple (that are about to marry) some Prioses any Ceremonies against their Consciences. out-do you in

How often have you troubled a Couple, for refusing to submit to a Love. Female Government in Marriage, and enjoyning some, scarce of Ability to travel many Miles, and often (at their own charge) to your private Women's Meetings, and Men's Meetings, which have been fo wearied with lourneys, and needless Delays, (tho' Relations were satisfied) who to rid themselves of the trouble of waiting upon you any longer, have gone Judging all to a Priest upon the account of Marriage.

Then have you not presently judged them gone from the Truib, ha-conform not ving recorded some (as I am inform'd) Apostates to Generations to come, Meetings in for so doing, that obeyed not your Wills in Men's Meetings, (when you Marriage; were the cause for their so doing) and will not own them of the Truth, when the Scri-

until fuch time as they condemn themselves for so doing.

Oh! what a mighty Stress you lay upon the Ceremony of Women's remony. Meetings in Marriage, as to account all that oppose, or approve not of it.

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When some of you will sometimes say, why do you scruple such an indifferent thing, as to propose your Intention of Marriage to a Woman's Jesus did not Meeting, and a Man's Meeting, without Women.

hate his Bre-And some again do say, That the Scriptures leaves all People free, as thren that did to the manner of their Marriage, so as they enter into that Estate in the him. Joh. 7. 5.

fear of God, before sufficient Witnesses.

I do remember, that a Perlon, one of the greatest Sticklers for the promoting of your Government of Women and Men's Meetings, once faid to me. It was the everlafting Government, of which there would be no end; but Were you not fince (thro' God's Mercy) his Eyes are opened, and now plainly fees it blind, to fay has been the Root, from whence fo many Divisions has sprung among your Government and Gid Person has not yet lost being all's a Contract of ment would you the said Person, has not yet lost, being call'd a Quaker. stand for ever.

I have asked fome Couples, newly married, why they did propose their Intention of Marriage to a Meeting of Women, and then to a Meeting of Men, knowing the trouble that others have gone through, by to doing, leeing you knew you were clear from all Engagements to any other in this The weakness Kind, and that your Relations and Friends had been long fatisfied? Did of such Counot you know it was Friend's Practife in the beginning, to mention their ples as 80 to Intentions at the end of feveral Religious Meetings, and if none oppose marry at a prijustly, then might enter into that State, by speaking fit Words at the Meeting, and end of another Publick Religious Meeting.

not of God, as paures enioyns

Mens Meeting.

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There Answer was always to me to this effect :

We thought it a very hard Tryal, that after all things was agreed on for For fear of difpleasing you, Marriage, to begin again to mention it to a Woman's Meeting; (most Strangers) and after they were satisfied, then to go to a Man's Meeting, fo wais how many conformed a for their Confents: But this we did, contrary to our Freedom, that they might gainst Consci- not think ill of us.

You can farce as's one Couple among you, but will give an Answer Your own Bi much to the same effect; which by this may easily be seen what Domigots fee the nion you exercise over the Innocent, that to keep favour with you, must

trouble of waiting upon leave their Inward Guide to please you.

But to plead for your new Arbitrary Government, some of you do A frivilous Arfay, That in the beginning, a Couple has come rudely into a Meeting, and faid they too's each other as Man and Wife, and so brought a Scan-

dal upon us.

What then? Is there never a wife Man among you, or Woman, in a Religious Meeting, that can fay to fuch a Couple, you ought to give the Meeting time to make Inquiry whether you are clear from all Engage. ments in this Kind to any other Person or Persons, and we shall do our See the true Endeavour to resolve you next first day; for here's none that desires to put you off from time to time, by needless Delays; and as soon as we find you are honest, and are for coming together in the fear of the vernment in Lord, we shall freely set our Hands to a Certificate of the Lawfulness of the 4th. Edi- your Marriage; at the end of a Religious Meeting, the more publick the of The Young better, nor will we fend you many Miles to a Meeting of a few Women, mion, not write (who may be Strangers to you) and they to fend you, when they think ten to enjoyn Good to a private Man's Meeting, who may tell you, that if you will otherstoobey, not fabrit to our Orders, we thall not stand by you in Tryals, &c. but lest to the but shall begin and end your Marriage at the nearest Religious Meeting, witness of God but shall begin and end your Marriage at the nearest Religious Meeting, in all People. where you are best known, which was the innocent Practice of our dear deceafed friends at fift? I was married fo, without any Opposition; for then, neither Women-Judges, nor Men-Judges in private Rooms was let up.

Now, because some may be ready to say, we know of no such Law or Decree that injoyns a Couple to go twice to propound their Marrigs to a private Women's Meetings, and twice to a private Men's Meeting,

here follows the Copies of two of them.

From a Yearly Meeting in London, the 27th of the 2d. Mon. 1675.

Two new Laws TT is our Judgment, that for better Satisfaction to all Parties, that there established. I may be due time for Inquiry of clearness of the Persons concerned, it is convenient that Marriage be at twice propounded to the Meetings that are to take care therein, both to the Men's and Women's Meetings, where both

Christians Rules, as to Church-Go-Man's Compa-

you.

gument.

致了 How I was married, and many others.

both are effer fished before they are accomplished; and when things are cleared, that the Marriage be accomplished in a Grave, and publick Affembly of Friends and Relations.

Another Decree upon Record.

That for Time to come, no Friends may permit, or suffer Marriages, without the Confent of Friends at two Men's, and two We men's Meetings, being tinet, and apart each from other. To mention more Decrees to this purpole, is needlels.

But the Women in London, you may be fure was glad of their Exaltation (in finding that the Men had preferr'd them to be fought too first, upon the account of Marriage.) †

And finding the sweetness of Ruling did (together with Men) judge all the Dames of in the Country as Libertines, that conform'd not to the Decrees, and do Rome became judge fuch to this day, as one of their formal Preachers, T. R. One of Governors of lite G. F.'s Priest-Threshers said to me; You in this Country are of a Li-their Huebands. bertine Spirit, and an indifferent Feople, only because (for good Conscience (faith he) that take) we did not fet up VVomens Meetings. (Our Women are wifer here.) those who com-

Tho' it is true, some of this County has so far conform'd to the De-manded the crees, as to let up Men's Meetings, Monthly and Quarterly for Govern- World foould ment. (which is one in Nature, to the other needless.)

Yet the some say such Meetings are very useful in the City (where W. P.'s the Women dwell near together) tho' not to ulcful in the Country, cross no Crown, dwelling fo far afunder.

I say, they are needful no where to be observed Monthly, because Women's Meet-

thereby they become proud of the Authority.

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For if a Marriage is intended to be propounded at the end of a Religious no where cre-Meeting, (to prevent Lordship*) and the Meeting happen to be a great ditable. one, (as is commonly in Landon) the Man himself, or he may define a delight of the Friend to declare at the end of the Meeting, that here is one that defires Ambitious that to publish his Intention of Marriage; and if the People are for going love Domiaway, you may call as many People as are free to draw into the next nion. Room, and there publish it, both Men and Women being together der of Mirri-This done, some of the Meeting may tell the Man, that if he comes next age. first Day, they will resolve him, according to what Inquiry they have Let God's Witmade, and as foon as we find you are clear from all Engagements of nels judge this Kind to any other Person or Persons, you may take each other as whether this is this Kind to any other Person or Persons, you may take each other as not most a-Man and Wife, before as many Witnesses as you please, the more, the greeable to the better; for such Concerns cannot be too publick, &c.

This I write from the Innocency of my Soul, (not as a Law for o- we profess. thers) but this way may prevent the Infulting of Ambitious Men and Wc-enjoying men, (who do pretend better things in Words) who deilght in Domini-Rule for any.

yet be subjett to

ing: Monthly

on and are so confident as to say, We dispise Dignities or Government, in not submitting to these unscriptural Government of VVon. n and Men's Meetings.

Obj. Some may fay, What art thou also against our Men's meeting Monthly for Government; for did not the Apostles advise to choose El-

ders ? &c.

What an El-

der is, and how to be qua-

Companion.

Alfo fee a

P. 74. People will

not wuch

lifred.

Anl. I am not against the Meetings of such Elders, for the innocent to advise with, as the Apostle would have chosen; that is, such as are Meek in Heart, Lowly in Spirit, Chafte in Life, Virtuous in all Conversation, full of Self denial, Long-Suffering, and Patient, not only forgiving, but loving their very Enemies; one that rules his Children. and his own House well; his Wife (if any) grave, (not proud, nor flanderous) fober and faithful in all things, 1 Tim. 3. 4. 2 Tim. 2. 24.

Now I appeal to every Conscience that is cleansed by God's Grace. Good Morality whither if any Man take upon himfelf to be an Elder, or Teacher in a

is more accep- Meeting, and is not qualified as aforesaid, be not a Ulurper.

table to God God, in Mercy to the Innocent, has often curb'd the faid Imposing than Formalists. Spirit, and will more and more, I doubt not, chain it down for ever; the fourth E- which he has already (in Mercy) done out of many Souls, praised be

dition of my his Name for it.

God is a zealous God, he will not give his Honour to a Meeting of Towne Man's VVomen, or Men Judges, (having committed all Judgment in things re-Character of a lating to a good Conscience unto his Son Christ Jesus) and so fas has be-True Christian, gun to open the Eyes of his faithful People, that they shall not be so blind to believe that a very large Meeting of VVomen or Men, can give an Infallible Judgment in things that others shall be bound to believe and longer be obey, as to a Ceremony, or the Judging of a Man, Not to be of God. blinded by when they have not proved he has sinned against God.

Man; for a For if the greatness of the Assembly must carry it (as one of your great Assembly Preachers said to me, how could such a number be mistaken?) Then the

well as a little Turks or Papifts cannot number you in Assemblies.

But have you not a way beyond all others to exercise your Authori-A hiddenPow-ty, most hiddenly, or in the Dark, by sending abroad your Formal er to blow up Preachers, that do whifper (where they think they can be credited) a Man's Repu- into the Ears of poor innocent People, that such a Man or Men is not t Who you ig- right, be doth not own our VV omen's Meetings, &c. then Prejudice enters. norantly think So that Man or Men, however Just, cannot have their Testimonies all is Gospel for God enter into those prejudiced Spirits, or scarce entertained friendthough it is ly in some places, upon their travel for poor Soul's sake. Oh! the Igtrue in public, norance of those People, that has not cholen Christ Grace in them they declare for their Guide, but Man. good Words.

So that by this Secret way of whispering, how foon can you blow up an honest Man's Reputation.

† Report, and we will report

Good God! How long, I pray thee, will it be before the Professors of the Grace that came by thy Son Jesus Christ, be obeyed by them, which teaches true Love to all thy Creation? And as thy Love is to all A Prayerforthe People, (tho' Sinners) fo are thy Followers. Lord, give them to fee Innocent that that they dwell not in the Light, when they envy any People; and al. we love one an fo that they may see, that Man is no more to be rely'd on for a Guide, loves us all. but only thy Inward and Spiritual Grace; this I beg of thee, for thy dear Son's factor whom be given all Honour, Rule and Dominion, now, and for ever, Amen.

If God withdraws from fuch as cloath themselves with his Gifts, to ferve Self Interest, how much more doth he withdraw his Love from fach Ministers, as fordidly conform (against their Consciences) to a Female Government, that you the Judges might not inscence their Hearers * Such a Test, against them, when they travel to win Souls to Righteousness; that the totry Ministers by, as was ne-Scriptures might be fulfilled in this Age, (in this) The Leaders of the Peo- ver heard of ple caufe them to err.

I fay, Such Conforming Ministers + against good Confeience, may + Conforming possibly win some Souls (by their Preachings) to the Form, but not to is) such a one the Power of Godliness, which Power all do deny, that believe that that defigns to Christ's Inward and Spiritual Grace is not a sufficient Guide to all, with take up the out VVomen's Meetings and Men's Meetings, to guide the People by, ex- whole time of

cept the Civil Magilirates.

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Oh! what do you advise People to this Grace for, if it must not be is offended if their only Teacher; then if the Grace of Christ in them teaches them not another Person conform to your VVomens Meetings, &c. Can you blame them then?

To draw towards a Conclusion, being it is in vain to spend too much of the time in Time and Paper, to discover the Vanity of a Female Government, and the which the first Imposing Spirit that now Rules and Reignsin such of you, as set up your manifests himselves Judges over Innocent People 3 which thing you condemned in Pro. self to be out tellors before you.

What was the Reason think you that caused our English Poetical Pro- 14.3c. If any phet J. Wither, from joyning to any Religious Society, being asked by a thing be reveal-Friend of mine, he faid, They ingendered to Bondage, and to ride over the ed, &c.

Minds and Consciences of their Brethren.

Then it feems all the feveral forts of Professors before (fince the Re- Imposing Spiformation) were for Imposing upon their Brethren's Consciences, yet ric in Fresch it is most to be wonder'd at in you, that profess Christ's Inward and sore in his day. Spiritual Government.

before. a Meeting, in Speaking, and takes up fome

of the Apoffle's Practice, 1Cor.

G. Withers faw

Therefore, O ye honest and upright Hearts (where-ever dispersed All ye that ove Rightebuffees, Christ upon the Face of the Earth) who hunger and thirst after Righteousness, has given you, that ye might be filled therewith, and that it might fill the Earth, I fay, (and all men) let it be your Cry, as of Old, To thy Tents; O Ifrael! Trust no more in Talent of his Women or Men as Guides, trust only to that Talent of Christ's Grace in Grace to lead you, that will never deceive you, its always firring up the mind to good. you into all Truth, forced That will truly teach you your Duty both to God and Man, and to love not give Gifts those that hate you; It brings Salvation, Tit. 2. 11. unto all that obey to Men to its Reproofs. teach you.

Oh! trust not Man, whatever he whispers into your Ears, to prejudice

your Minds against any Person upon the Earth.

The Mind going abroad from watching in this Inward and Spiritual Let no Man beget Preju-Grace, is the cause that the Devil gets into the Heart to raise hatred one dice in thee a-

against another.

Tit. 2, 11.

* Wherein

by Satan.

Rubies, Oc.

Oh! that all

Impolers

might obey

thy ftrength

gainstanother. But he that keeps his Mind upon the Watch, in this Tent, or from Tower, the Name of the Lord, * naither Men nor Devils can deceive him; and he will truly Love all People, though they are of a different Persualies, O Man, 2 fion to him in points of Religion.

Cor. 12: 9. As at was for Paul

And will the truly Eaithful to the Grace of God in themselves, be adwhen buffeted vifing People to obey the same Grace in their own Souls, and will not feek by any means to draw their Minds from the Obedience thereof; fearing they may fall as the young Prophet did, which obeyed the old Prophet. contrary to his own Gift from God, or Message, 1 K. 13, 18.

These honest Souls, that has chosen the good part, God's Grace for ph! the Love their Guide, will envy no couple, that do from a free and willing Mind of an honest propound their Intention of Marriage twice to a Woman's Meeting, and

Heart to all People is to be twice at least to a Man's Meeting.

Nor will envy a Couple that does, and thinks it more agreeable to praised above Truth, to propose their Intentions at the end of several Religious Megtings, where Men and Women are met together, seeing the more publick the better fatisfaction to all People; that a fudge did once acknowledge. that fuch publick Marriages was lawful.

Oh! that you Impofers would obey, as well as preach up God's Grace, for Peoples Guide; then would you come into the Lamb's patience, in-God's Grace, to that Love, that overcomes Anger, and forgive your Frethren's Trefand no longer passes, as you hope God will forgive yours. Preach no more of sich Love preach from until you witness it.

Head-know-I am your Friend, and God knows my heart, I write in love to you: People believe Though tome of you, no doubt, will account me your Enemy, for it is as God's thus telling (in part) how you are fallen from your first Institu-

Spirit gives ut- tion. terance.

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If I am to blame, pray blame no body elfe, for no person dictated If the Auth any thing to me, or put me upon this Work; I do not fee that I Err deferves

Yet have I long feen and known, that many honest Hearts have been self; for much grieved to see such an alteration in the Protessors of the Truth, to Eyes are b what they were in the beginning, when Innocence and true Love to come Dimi each other had dominion in the Souls of God's People (that is) be you with a aore Women and Men fet themselves up as Judges in the Meetings true broken forefaid.

That you mayfee your Error, and return to the Truth, as in the bes knows, non ginning, is the defire of your Loving Friend, William Mather. I do not else at this take you to be mine Enemies, because I am no Man's Enemy, (praised time. be God for it,) and that I continue as I have hither been, a Friend to all, a Foe to none.

To conclude, If you fay I have been some-what too sharp upon you, because I

I fay I have not been fo sharp as the Matter of Fact requires. Have you not trampled under your Feet many Epistles of Love, fent cause I love to you, scorning to bait an inch of your Authority, where you can over- you, so do not

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Therefore, If you are defigned to Answer me, then I desire you to want love, let some Ancient Honest Friend do it, from the Gist of God in himself; lose life, if it and go not down to Agypt for help. That is, go not to the Logicians, be the will of t whole cunning Sopbiltry can make a good Cause seem bad, and a bad God. whole cunning soppilary can make a good Caule feem good; I mean such an one as T. E. who can by Soppilary so in the Art of multiply Words, as to darken his innocent Readers, who is too often Reasoning or made to believe, his Cause must needs be good, his Matter is so long. Disputing. Alas! How are men deceived in that? The fewer Words, the more Truth. * a repeating Alas! How are men deceived in that: I have the fame thing And if he, or such as say, I have Tautologies* herein, (a thing most of in other words the Formal Preachers are guilty of, if it be a fault) blame me not for The Author that. For I do not profels my felf a Schollar in the Languages, and defires that a therefore most fit, that such a Schollar as I should answer me. But if Friend in the its come to that with you, that Scholarship, Man's Wisdom and Reason Truth may its come to that with you, that Scholarship, Man's Wisdom and Reason Answer his must be Judge over such Consciences, as are rectified by God's Spirit, Writing, but never more blame those cunning Men, that drown'd the Text, in the no Sophister: Comment.

Likewife, Have you not often declared to the People, and do daily, Man must lay down their that this is the day that - The loftiness of Man shall be bowed down, Crownsat the and the Haughtiness of Man shall be made low, and the Lord alone shall be feet of Jesus.

exalted, Ila. 2. 17.

take all to hi Heart, and contrite Spirit, God onl

I write no

these things think you have me, but behate you: If I

What Eyes thou read ft with, Reader, know I not, Mine were not dry, when I these Failings wrote.

Take ye beed every one of his Neighbour, and trust ye not in any Brother; for every Brother will utterly supplant, and every Neighbour will walk with

Slanders, Jer. 9. 4.

Was this feremial's Complaint in his day, the same may be taken up this day. Read his 9th Chapter. Oh! that all may fear before the Lord, by obeying his Grace, or Gists in themselves, that we may all say with Holy David, Mercy and Truth are met together, Righteousness and Peace have kissed each other. Truth shall spring out of the Earth, and Righteousness shall look down from Heaven, Psal, 85. 10, 11. Amen.

Postscript.



Postscript.

BOUT the 9th. of this Month of September came to my hand, from Tobias Hardmeat, the Letter I fent him (above Printed) with feveral little Sentences he wrote on the Margent thereof, in Answer to which, take as follows:

T. II. It's not Imposition, but Advice to good Order.

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ript.

Auswer: Is it not Imposition to brand all as Libertines, Apostates, and not of God, that conform not to your Unscriptural Orders? If you did not compel, none would oppose you. Though I may ask you, From whence you had your Authority, (without Offence, I hope) as you have asked other Religious Societies before you, Why they enjoyn'd unscriptural Orders?

T. H. That Spirit that opposeth Truth, is curft.

Answ. Dost thou curse me, for opposing a Female Government? If that Authority be thy Truth, thou so often speaks of, then am I an Opposer, and thou an Imposer.

T. H. Having learned, Therefore I speak and testifie.

Answ. What Spirit has learned thee, to call Women's Meetings the Truth, and to Curse and testifie, That all those that oppose a Female Government, is not of God?

T. H. To desire a Man's amendment, is to desire bis good.

Answ. True. But had the young Man any fault, besides his non sub-mission to a Female Government?

T. H. A Scoff, not folid enough, for one professing Truth.

Answ. What, because I desired thee to let me know how the Women Judges, did to bear ir, that a young Man could not own their Authority?

T. H. Its well they do some good, (meaning the Women Judges.)

Answ. That is, their Clifts to the Poor, yea its good in rich Widows, and also in married Women, when their Husbands are uncapable to do it themselves; and if that's all the good they do, they had better lay down their Authority, and not leave their business Monthly and Quarterly, to no purpose?

T. H. Its well then haft so much Charity, cherish it, and it may grow.

Answ. Thou praises me for my Charity, in not desiring to air up Wrath or Choler in thee; but my Charity extends further, for I have all along been very free to entertain any of your formal Preachers, rejoycing at the exaltation of Christ's Grace in each Soul, when they declare the power and virtue thereof, in this dark Town of Bedford; but if they build up with one hand, and throw down with the other hand, by setting up other Guides, besides Christ's Grace, they are returned into Babylin.

Int to the great grief of my Soul, I find, that most of such Teachers, are for Preaching chiefly to such People, as do already witness their true Teacher in themselves, when our dear Saviour respected neither Time or Places, who did instruct the People where they were most Congregated together. And those he now sends forth, would certainly be of the same mind, if his good Spirit was their Guide. If you are not for the Exaltation of Men Judges, why was there about 10 Preachers at one Meeting in Huntington, lately, to the grief of some, because Geo. White bead was there that day.

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T. H. I know not any such Imposers amongst us; but submission to the Council of Truth, is good.

Answ. I admire thy Confidence, to say, Thou knowest no such Impoters amongs you. Can you instict greater punishment upon a Non-Conformist to Women Counsel, than to tell their Friends such are Libertines, Atheists, and not of God? Could ever any Imposers go surther? Except

Except they had power to cast into Prison: What is more dear to a Man than a good Name, as to this World?

And I further ask thee, Whether there be any other Truth, besides the Grace of God, in our own Hearts, which we are to submit to?

T. H. Opinions are too numerous, Truth is one in all.

An/w. If my Opinion, in advising thee and thy Brethren (in the Letter above,) to come to that good Order or Practice of Friends, as in the beginning, was not according to the Truth, (or Grace of God,)

why didft thou not disprove it, in this thy pretended Answer.

And as Truth is one in all (as thou fayeft) Why do you Judge it in others? But rather leave every one to stand or fall, as they obey it, and if any disobey the Truth, or Grace in themselves; you that are Spiritual, should tell them of it; but force by scandalizing the Disobelient, is not the way to win them to Obedience, to the Truth in themselves?

T. H. Look into Bedfordshire-Paper of Prescription for Order, and there thou may find good Advice many Years since.

Anjw. I know nothing of what's in it: But if any Persons has taken upon themselves to draw Prescriptions or Orders (contrary to the Holy Scriptures) as a Bond upon all others to obey the same, that's nothing to me; I am not to follow a Multitude into Innovations. Our Preachers has already told us, That God's Grace in each Soul, is to be the only Leader into all Truth, which (through God's great Love) is witnessed to be fo. So that if they are gone from that, and delign to exalt themselves as Guides, we know better things; therefore it is more safer to follow our true and inward Teacher, than weak Man, who is so apt to degenerate from their Primitive Institution.

T. H. Friend, William Mather, my Advice to thee for Truth fake is, be fill and quiet.

Answ. Who can hold their peace, while Women and Men-Judges exalt themselves in Authority, above all that is called good in the Innocent; and while you have your Formal Preachers, (or Spies) to travel through the Nation, whifpering into the Ears of poor people, that fuch and such Persons are fallen from the Truth; when in reality you can find no fault in them, but their Non-conformity to a Female Government, oc:

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Non-Liberrther? Except T. H. And what it is in thee, that Judgeth others.

Answ. As I hear, I fudge. 'Now every Man ought to compare the Doctrine of that Age, wherein he lives; with no other Doctrine, than that which was out of all question spotless, which is the Doctrine of the Apostles. W. S. Ad. to Protestants, p. 162.

T. H. I love not Controversie, but Peace and Truth, and destre therein to grow.

Answ. Neither do I love Controversie; my labour only is that all may lay down their honour at the Foot-stool of Christ's Grace.

T. H. Our Labour and Travail, in attending our Monthly and Quarterly Meetings, is to preserve and keep, and bring into Order, Christ's Spiritual Government.

Answ. Who was it first that put poor Innocent VVomen upon Travail several Miles Monthly and Quarterly; was it not Ambitious Men? If thou wast not ashamed of their Authority, sure thou wou'dest have given me one Scripture proof for it, if thou could. Dost thou think that the VVisdom of VVomen or Men, can bring in Order Christ's Spiritual Government? No, no, It's his Spirit that can only do it.

T. H. That all may be preserved out of Miscarriages (you set up this Government) and the precious Truth set over all.

Answ. That Chaift, the precious Truth, may be fer over all, is all that I labour for: If over all, then over all your Meetings of Government.

Can any thing preserve out of Miscarriages, besides God's Grace, the

precious Truth?

VVhat is there never a Spiritual-minded Man or VVoman in a Religious Meeting, that fees a Fault in another, that cannot tell the party thereof privately at the end of the Meeting, or go to their Dwellings to tell them of it, Matt. 18. but must Summon him, or her, to some little private Meeting Monthly, I know not how many Miles off their Dwellings?

T. H. Wait in God's Fear, to know thy felf.

Answ. I praise God, he has kept me in his Fear, from my Childhood, and have so far denyed self, that I could not enter into Self-Exaltation, by joyning with your Authority in Government; though I have been often invited so to do.

So that many of you that have Reigned so long, scorn to be told of your Arbitrary proceedings; yea, he that shall but tell you how you err, you will account him an Imposer, though the Name most properly be-

long to you, as I have before proved it.

Good God! Can we put no Trust in Man? Hast not thou raised up one Religious Society after another, who begun well, whilest they took Counsel only of thy good Spirit in their Hearts, kept their first Love? But its greatly to be lamented, to behold most Societies choose other Governours besides Thy Spirit, and so come to divide, in about Thirty Years after thou hast raised them. O Lord, I pray Thee, look upon this People with an Eye of pity, (to whom thou hast given large gifts,) turn their hearts to Thy Grace, more and more, that they may no longer take Glory to themselves, and pride themselves with thy Jewels, that another People take not their Crowns; for thy dear Son's sake. To whom be all Honour, &c.

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